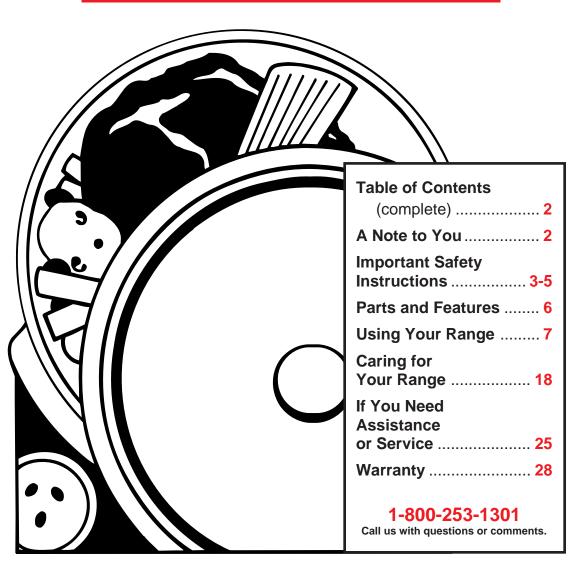


Use And Care

G U I D E



STANDARD-CLEANING ELECTRIC SLIDE-IN RANGE

MODEL RS310PXE

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A Note to You

Thank you for buying a WHIRLPOOL® appliance.

Because your life is getting busier and more complicated, WHIRLPOOL ranges are easy to use, save time, and help you manage your home better. To ensure that you enjoy years of trouble-free operation, we developed this Use and Care Guide. It is full of valuable information about how to operate and maintain your appliance properly and safely. Please read it carefully.

Also, please complete and mail in the Ownership Registration Card provided with your appliance. The card helps us to notify you about any new information on your appliance.

Please record your model's information.

Whenever you call our Consumer Assistance Center at **1-800-253-1301** or request service for your appliance, you need to know your complete model number and serial number. You can find this information on the model and serial number plate (see diagram on page 6 for location of plate).

Please also record the purchase date of your appliance and your dealer's name, address, and telephone number.

Model Number
Serial Number
Purchase Date
Dealer Name
Dealer Address
Dealer Phone

Keep this book and the sales slip together in a safe place for future reference.

Our Consumer Assistance Center number is toll-free.

1-800-253-1301

Important Safety Instructions

Your safety is important to us.

This guide contains safety statements under warning symbols. Please pay special attention to these symbols and follow any instructions given. Here is a brief explanation of the use of the symbol.



This symbol alerts you to hazards such as fire, electrical shock, or other injuries.

AWARNING

To reduce the risk of fire, electrical shock, injury to persons, or damage when using the range, follow basic precautions, including the following:

General

- Read all instructions before using the range.
- Install or locate the range only in accordance with the provided Installation Instructions. The range must be installed by a qualified installer. The range must be properly connected to electrical supply and grounded.





- WARNING: To reduce the risk of tipping the appliance, the appliance must be secured by a properly installed anti-tip bracket. To check if the bracket is installed properly, see "The anti-tip bracket" on page 17.
- CAUTION: Do not store things children might want above the range. Children could be burned or injured while climbing on it.
- Do not leave children alone or unattended in area where the range is in use. They should never be allowed to sit or stand on any part of the range. They could be burned or injured.

- Do not operate the range if it is damaged or not working properly.
- Do not use the range for warming or heating the room. Persons could be burned or injured, or a fire could start.
- Use the range only for its intended use as described in this manual.



 Do not touch surface units, areas near units, heating elements, or interior surfaces of oven. Surface units and heating elements may be hot even though they are dark in color. Areas near surface units and interior surfaces of an oven become hot enough to cause burns. During and after use, do not touch, or let clothing or other flammable materials contact surface units, areas near units, heating elements, or interior surfaces of oven until they have had sufficient time to cool. Other surfaces of the range, such as the oven vent opening, the surface near the vent opening, the

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

cooktop, and the oven door, could also become hot enough to cause burns.



- Do not wear loose or hanging garments when using the range.
 They could ignite if they touch a hot surface unit and you could be burned.
- Use only dry pot holders. Moist or damp pot holders on hot surfaces could result in burns from steam.
 Do not let pot holder touch hot heating elements. Do not use a towel or bulky cloth for a pot holder. It could catch on fire.
- Keep range vents unobstructed.
- Do not heat unopened containers. They could explode. The hot contents could cause burns and container particles could cause injury.
- Use only cookware approved for oven use. Follow cookware manufacturer's instructions, especially when using glass or plastic cookware.

 Do not store flammable materials on or near the range. The fumes could create an explosion and/or fire hazard.

When using the cooktop

- Make sure the reflector bowls are in place during cooking. Cooking without reflector bowls could subject the wiring and components underneath them to damage.
- Do not line reflector bowls with aluminum foil or other liners. Improper installation of these liners could result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- Select a pan with a flat bottom that is about the same size as the surface unit. If pan is smaller than the surface unit, some of the heating element will be exposed and could result in the igniting of clothing or pot holders. Correct pan size also improves cooking efficiency.
- Check to be sure glass cookware is safe for use on the range. Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, ceramic, earthenware, or other glazed cookware are suitable for cooktops without breaking due to the sudden change in temperature.

 Never leave surface units unattended at high heat settings. A boilover could result and cause smoking and greasy spillovers that could ignite.





 Turn pan handles inward, but not over other surface units. This will help reduce the chance of burns, igniting of flammable materials, and spills due to bumping of the pan.

When using the oven

- Always position oven rack(s) in desired location while oven is cool. If a rack must be removed while oven is hot, do not let pot holder contact hot heating elements in oven.
- Use care when opening oven door. Let hot air or steam escape before removing or replacing food.

Grease

 Grease is flammable. Do not allow grease to collect around cooktop or in vents. Wipe spillovers immediately.



•Do not use water on grease fires. Never pick up a flaming pan. Smother flaming pan on range by covering with a well-fitting lid, cookie sheet, or flat tray. Flaming grease outside of pan can be extinguished with baking soda or, if available, a multipurpose dry chemical or foam-type extinguisher.

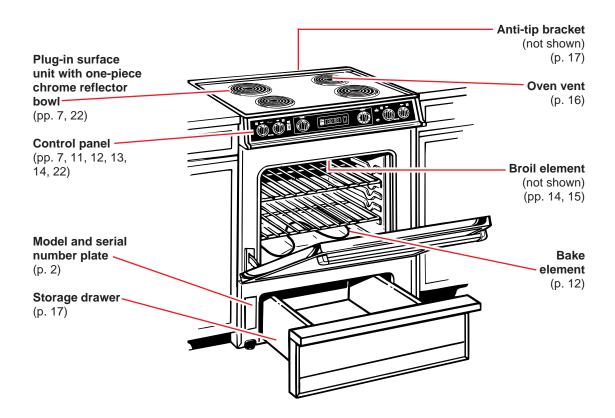
Care and cleaning

- Do not soak removable heating elements in water. The element will be damaged and shock or fire could result.
- Do not clean door heat seal. It is essential for a good seal. Care should be taken not to rub, damage, or move the seal. Clean only parts recommended in this Use and Care Guide.
- Do not repair or replace any part of the range unless specifically recommended in this manual. All other servicing should be referred to a qualified technician.
- Disconnect the electrical supply before servicing the range.

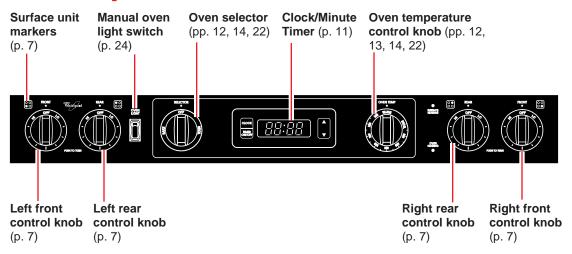
- SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS -

Parts and Features

This section contains captioned illustrations of your range. Use them to become familiar with the location and appearance of all parts and features. To help you find information on specific parts or features quickly, page references are included.



Control panel



Using Your Range

To get the best cooking results, you should use your range the correct way. This section tells you what you need to know to use your range safely and efficiently.

Using the surface units

Push in control knobs before turning them to a setting. You can set them anywhere between HI and OFF.

Surface unit markers

The solid dot in the surface unit marker shows which surface unit is turned on by that knob.

Surface heating indicator light

The SURFACE HEATING Indicator Light on the control panel will glow when a surface unit is turned on.



Fire Hazard
Turn all controls off when done cooking.

Failure to do so can result in death, fire, or burns.



Until you get used to the settings, use the following as a guide. For best results, start cooking at the high setting; then turn the control knob down to continue cooking.

SETTING	RECOMMENDED USE
HI	To start foods cooking.To bring liquids to a boil.
Medium-high	To hold a rapid boil.To fry chicken or pancakes.
Medium (opposite OFF)	For gravy, pudding, and icing.To cook large amounts of vegetables.
Medium-low	 To keep food cooking after starting it on a higher setting.
LO	 To keep food warm until ready to serve.

Cookware tips

- Select a pan that is about the same size as the surface unit.
- NOTE: For best results and greater energy efficiency, use only flat-bottomed cookware that makes good contact with the surface units. Cookware with rounded, warped, ribbed (such as some porcelain enamelware), or dented bottoms could cause severe overheating, which damages the cookware and/or surface unit.

You can, however, use the newer cookware available with slightly indented bottoms or very small expansion channels. This cookware is specially designed to provide the good contact needed for best cooking results.

Also, woks, canners, and teakettles with flat bottoms suitable for use on your cooktop are now available in most stores that sell housewares.

- The pan should have straight sides and a tight-fitting lid.
- Choose medium to heavy gauge (thickness) pans that are fairly lightweight.

- The pan material (metal or glass) affects how fast heat transfers from the surface unit through the pan material and how evenly heat spreads over the pan bottom. Choose pans that provide the best cooking results.
- Handles should be made of sturdy, heatresistant material and be securely attached to the pan.

NOTES:

- Use the correct cookware to prevent damage to the surface unit, cooktop, wiring and surrounding areas.
- If the cookware is too small for the surface unit or the bottom is not flat, the surface unit could stay glowing red for an extended length of time causing damage to the unit.
- If you start cooking on high, it is important to turn the control down to a lower setting to complete cooking.
- The surface unit could overheat or be damaged if a pot has boiled dry or has been left empty on a hot surface unit.

Home canning information

The large diameter of most water-bath or pressure canners combined with high heat settings for long periods of time can shorten the life of regular surface units and cause damage to the cooktop.

To protect your range:

- Use flat-bottomed canners/pans for best results.
- Use the largest surface unit for best results. Also, use a canner/pan which can be centered over the surface unit and which does not extend more than 1 inch outside surface unit area. Large diameter canners/pans, if not properly centered, trap heat and can cause damage to the cooktop.
- Do not place canner on two surface units at the same time. Too much heat will build up and will damage the cooktop.

- Start with hot water. This reduces the time the control is set on high. Reduce heat setting to lowest position needed to keep water boiling.
- Keep reflector bowls clean for best heat reflection.
- To prolong the life of the elements:
 - Prepare small batches at a time.
 - Do not use elements for canning all day.
- Refer to your canner manual for specific instructions.

Positioning racks and pans

To remove racks:

- 1. Pull rack toward you.
- 2. Tilt up front end.
- 3. Pull rack out.

To replace racks:

- 1. Place rack on rack guides.
- 2. Tilt up front end.
- 3. Push rack in until it clears the stop.
- Lower front and push rack in the rest of the way.

General guidelines

- Before turning on the oven, place oven racks where you need them.
- Be sure the rack(s) is level.
- Use pot holders or oven mitts to protect your hands if rack(s) must be moved while the oven is hot.
- For baking/roasting with one rack, place the rack so the top of the food will be centered in the oven.
- When baking/roasting on two racks, arrange racks on the bottom and third level from the bottom.
- **Do not place** items on the oven door when it is open.

Rack placement for specific foods:

FOOD	RACK POSITION
Frozen pies, large roasts, turkeys, angel food cakes	Lowest level or 2nd level from bottom
Bundt cakes, most quick breads, yeast breads, casseroles, meats	2nd level from bottom
Cookies, biscuits, muffins, cakes, nonfrozen pies	2nd or 3rd level from bottom

NOTE: For recommended rack placement when broiling, see "Broiling rack position chart" on page 15.

Bakeware tips

- When baking with insulated cookie sheets or baking pans, place them in the bottom third of the oven. You may need to increase the recommended baking times, so test for doneness before removing from the oven.
- For most baking, reduce the oven temperature by 25°F, but use the same baking time when using ovenproof glassware or dark pans. These pans absorb heat, producing darker bottom browning and crispier crusts. When baking pies and bread, you can use the temperature called for in the recipe.

For best air circulation

Hot air must circulate around the pans in the oven for even heat to reach all parts of the oven. This results in better baking.

- Place the pans so that one is not directly over the other.
- For best results, allow 1½ to 2 inches (4.5 cm) of space around each pan and between pans and oven walls.
- Use only one cookie sheet in the oven at a time.

Use the following as a guide to determine where to place the pans:

One pan

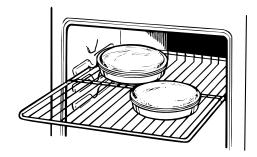
Place in the center of the oven rack.

Two pans

Place in opposite corners of the oven rack.

Three or four pans

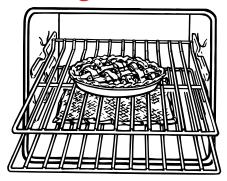
Place in opposite corners on each oven rack. Stagger pans so no pan is directly over another.



Using aluminum foil for baking

Use aluminum foil to catch spillovers from pies or casseroles:

- Place the foil on the oven rack below the rack with the food. Turn up foil edges and make sure foil is about 1 inch (3 cm) larger all around than the dish holding the food.
- Do not cover the entire rack with aluminum foil. It will reduce air circulation and cause poor cooking results.
- Do not line oven bottom or entire oven rack with foil or other liners. It could affect the quality of your baking.



Setting the clock

1. Press the Clock pad.

2. Press the Increase or Decrease pad until the correct time is displayed.



Using the Minute Timer

The Minute Timer does not start or stop the oven. It works like a kitchen timer. It can be set in hours and minutes up to 24 hours. You can use the Minute Timer during any cooking function.

- 1. Press the Timer On/Off pad.
- Press the Increase or Decrease pad until the desired time (in hours and minutes) is displayed.

At end of timer countdown:

A series of beeps will sound. Press the Timer On/Off pad to cancel the beeps.

To cancel the Minute Timer:

 When TIMER is on the display, press the Timer On/Off pad. The display will show "00" and "Set" for 5 seconds, and then the time of day will show on the display.









Baking/roasting

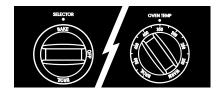
- Position the rack(s) properly before turning on the oven. For further information see "Positioning racks and pans" on page 9.
- 2. Set the Oven Selector to BAKE.
- Set the Oven Temperature Control Knob to the baking/roasting temperature you want. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will come on. The oven is preheated when the OVEN HEATING Indicator Light first goes off.

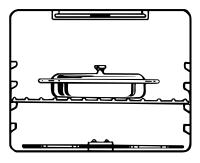
NOTE: Do not preheat oven when roasting or cooking items such as casseroles.

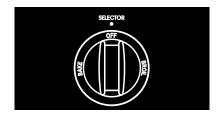
4. Put food in the oven. During baking/ roasting, the elements will turn on and off to maintain the temperature setting. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will turn on and off with the elements.

NOTE: The top element helps heat during baking/roasting, but does not turn red.

When baking/roasting is done, turn the Oven Selector to OFF. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will go off.







Adjusting the oven temperature control

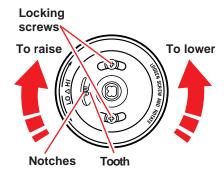
Although your new oven is properly adjusted to provide accurate temperatures, it may cook faster or slower than your old oven.

If, after using the oven for a period of time, you are not satisfied with the baking/roasting results, you can change the temperature calibration by following these steps:

 Make sure the Oven Temperature Control Knob is turned to the off position.
 Pull knob straight off and flip it over.



- Loosen the locking screws inside the control knob. Note the position of the notches.
- **3. To lower the temperature, hold** knob handle firmly and **move** the tooth a notch counterclockwise. Each notch equals about 5°F (2.5°C).
- **4. To raise the temperature, hold** knob handle firmly and **move** the tooth a notch clockwise. Each notch equals about 5°F (2.5°C).
- **5. Tighten** the locking screws and **replace** the control knob.



Broiling

- Position the rack properly before turning on the oven. The oven rack should be positioned so that the surface of the food is at least 3 inches (7 cm) away from the broil element. See "Broiling rack position chart" on page 15.
- 2. Put the broiler pan and food on the rack.
- Close the door to the Broil Stop position (open about 4 inches [10 cm]). The door will stay open by itself.
- Set the Oven Selector and Oven Temperature Control Knob to BROIL. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will come on.

NOTE: Do not preheat oven when broiling.

When broiling is done, turn the Oven Selector to OFF. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will go off.

Custom broil

- If food is cooking too fast, turn the Oven Temperature Control Knob counterclockwise until the OVEN HEATING Indicator Light goes off.
- If you want the food to broil slower from the start, set the Oven Temperature Control Knob between 170°F and 325°F (77°C and 163°C). These temperature settings allow the broil heating element to cycle and to slow cooking. The lower the temperature, the slower the cooking.
- Fish and chicken are some foods that may cook better if you use lower broiling temperatures.

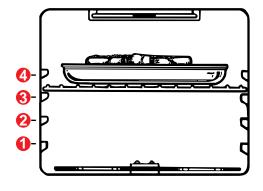
The Oven Selector must be on BROIL for all broiling temperatures.

NOTE: Leave the oven door partly open whenever using the oven to broil. This allows the oven to maintain proper temperatures.



Broiling rack position chart

RACK POSITION FROM BOTTOM	TYPE OF FOOD/ DONENESS
4	Hamburger patties and thin steaks, ½" thick or less
3	Quickly searing food, rare and medium steaks, medium patties, ham slices, fish steaks, frankfurters
2	Well-done steaks and patties, lamb chops, split chicken, pork steaks and chops, whole fish
1	Not used for broiling



Broiling tips

- Use the broiler pan and grid for broiling.
 They are designed to drain excess liquid and grease away from the cooking surface to help prevent spatter, smoke, or fire.
- Do not cover the broiler grid with foil.
- To ensure adequate grease drainage, do not use cookie sheets or similar pans for broiling.
- Place food about 3" or more from the broil element.
- After broiling, remove the broiler pan from the oven when you remove the food.
 Drippings will bake on the pan if you leave it in the heated oven.

Energy saving tips

Although the energy used for cooking is usually a very small percentage of the total energy used in the home, cooking energy can be used efficiently. Here are some tips to help you save energy when using your cooking product:

- **Use** pans with flat bottoms, straight sides, and tight-fitting lids.
- Match the pan to the surface unit size.
- Cook with a minimum of liquid or grease to help shorten cooking time.
- **Preheat** pans only when recommended and for the shortest time possible.
- Start food on higher heat settings, then set surface unit control on low or off to finish cooking. Use retained heat for cooking when possible.
- Use the more efficient surface units instead of the oven when possible.

- **Turn on** the surface unit only after placing filled pan on the unit.
- "Oven peeking" may cause heat loss, longer cooking times, and unsatisfactory baking results. Rely on your timer to keep track of the cooking time.
- Bake cakes, pies, or cookies when oven is warm. Best time to bake is right after a meal has been cooked in the oven.
- Preheat the oven no longer than necessary.
- Plan your meals for the most efficient use of the range. When using the oven to cook one food, try to cook the rest of the meal in it also.
- Do not preheat when broiling, roasting, or cooking items such as casseroles.
- Keep reflector bowls clean for best heat reflection.

The oven vent

AWARNING



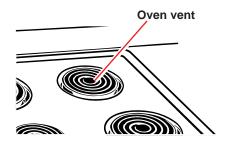
Burn Hazard

Use pot holders when touching items left near oven vent.

Failure to do so can result in burns.

Hot air and moisture escape from the oven through a vent under the right rear surface unit. You can cook on the unit or keep food warm on it while the oven is on. The vent is needed for air circulation. Do not block the vent by using extra large pans or covers. You will get poor baking/roasting results.

NOTE: Plastic utensils left over the vent can melt.



The storage drawer

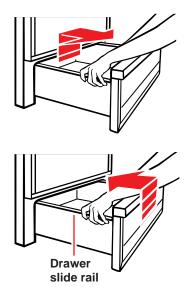
You can remove the storage drawer to make it easier to clean under the range. Use care when handling the drawer.

Removing the storage drawer:

- Empty drawer before removing. Pull drawer straight out to the first stop. Lift front and pull out to the second stop.
- Lift back slightly and slide drawer all the way out.

Replacing the storage drawer:

- Fit ends of drawer slide rails into the drawer guides on both sides of opening.
- Lift drawer front and push in until metal stops on drawer slide rails clear white stops on drawer guides. Lift drawer front again to clear second stop and slide drawer closed.



The anti-tip bracket

The range will not tip during normal use. However, tipping can occur if you apply too much force or weight to the open door without the anti-tip bracket properly secured.



AWARNING

Tip Over Hazard

Connect anti-tip bracket to floor or wall.

Reconnect anti-tip bracket, if the range is moved.

Do not push down on the open oven door.

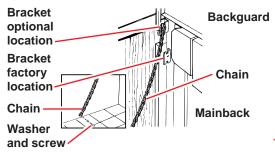
Follow the Installation Instructions.

Do not let children climb onto the oven door.

Failure to follow the above can result in death, burns, or other injury.

To verify the anti-tip bracket is engaged:

- Grasp rear of range and carefully try to tilt forward. If anti-tip bracket is attached to floor or wall correctly, range should not tilt forward.
- See Installation Instructions for further details.



Caring for Your Range

Your range is designed for easy care. You can do most cleaning with items found around your home. Cleaning your range whenever spills or soiling occurs will help to keep it looking and operating like new.

NOTE: Let range cool before cleaning.

Surface units and reflector bowls

Removing

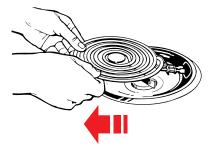
 Make sure all surface units are off and cool before removing surface units and reflector bowls.



Lift the edge of the unit, opposite the receptacle, just enough to clear the reflector bowl.



3. Pull the surface unit straight away from the receptacle.



4. Lift out the reflector bowl. **See** "Cleaning chart" on page 22 for cleaning instructions.



Replacing

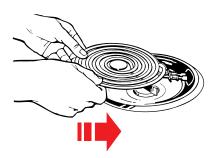
 Make sure all surface units are off and cool before replacing surface units and reflector bowls.



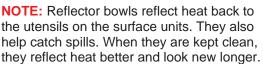
2. Line up openings in the reflector bowl with the surface unit receptacle.



Hold the surface unit as level as possible with the terminal just started into the receptacle. Push the surface unit terminal into the receptacle.



4. When terminal is pushed into the receptacle as far as it will go, push down the edge of the surface unit opposite the receptacle.

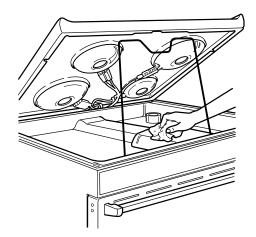


If a reflector bowl gets discolored, some of your utensils may not be flat enough, or some may be too large for the surface unit. In either case, some of the heat that's meant to go into or around a utensil goes down and heats the reflector bowl. This extra heat can discolor it.



Lift-up cooktop

- **1. Lift** front of cooktop at both front corners until the support locks into place.
- 2. Wipe with warm, soapy water. Use a soapy, steel-wool pad on heavily soiled areas.
- **3. To lower the cooktop, lift** cooktop from both sides while pressing the support back to unlock it. **Lower** the cooktop into place.



Removing the oven door

Removing the oven door will help make it easier to clean the oven.

NOTE: Make sure the oven is cool before removing oven door.

- **1. Open** the door to the first stop position.
- 2. Hold the door at both sides and lift it at the same angle it is in.

NOTE: Be careful not to place hands between the spring hinge and the oven frame as the spring hinge could snap back and pinch your fingers or damage the porcelain on the front of the range. Cover the hinges with toweling or empty paper towel rolls while working in the oven area.

3. To replace, fit the bottom corners of the door over the ends of the hinges. Push the door down evenly. The door will close only when it is on the hinges correctly. If hinges snap back against the oven frame, pull them back out.



Cleaning chart

Use the following table to help you clean all parts of your range.

PART	WHAT TO USE	HOW TO CLEAN
Control knobs	Sponge and warm, soapy water	 Turn knobs to OFF and pull straight away from control panel. Wash, rinse, and dry thoroughly. Do not soak. Do not use steel wool or abrasive cleansers. They may damage the finish of the knobs. Replace knobs. Make sure all knobs point to OFF.
Control panel	Sponge and warm, soapy water OR Paper towel and spray glass cleaner	 Wash, wipe with clean water, and dry thoroughly. Do not use steel wool or abrasive cleansers. They may damage the finish. Do not spray cleaner directly on panel. Apply cleaner to paper towel.
Exterior surfaces (other than control panels)	Sponge and warm, soapy water	 Wash, wipe with clean water, and dry thoroughly. Use nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad on heavily soiled areas. Do not use abrasive or harsh cleansers. They may damage the finish. NOTE: Do not allow foods containing acids (such as vinegar, tomato, or lemon juice) to remain on surface. Acids may remove the glossy finish. Also wipe up milk or egg spills when cooktop is cool.
Surface units	No cleaning required	Spatters or spills will burn off.Do not immerse in water.
Chrome reflector bowls	Warm, soapy water and a nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad	 Wash, rinse, and dry thoroughly. Clean frequently. Do not use abrasive or harsh cleansers.

CARING FOR YOUR RANGE

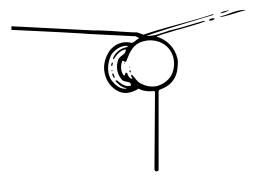
PART	WHAT TO USE	HOW TO CLEAN
Broiler pan and grid (clean after each use)	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water	Wash, rinse, and dry thoroughly.
Oven racks	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water	Wash, rinse, and dry thoroughly.
Oven door glass	Paper towel and spray glass cleaner OR Warm, soapy water and a nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad	 Make sure oven is cool. Follow directions provided with the cleaner. Wash, wipe with clean water, and dry thoroughly.
Oven cavity	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water OR Commercial oven cleaners	 Make sure oven is cool. Remove door for easier access. (See page 21.) Clean heavily soiled areas or stains. Rinse well with water. Remove door for easier access. Place newspaper on floor to protect floor surface. Follow directions provided with the oven cleaner. Wipe well with clean water. Use in well-ventilated room. Do not allow commercial oven cleaners to contact the heating elements, heat seal, thermostat, or exterior surfaces of the range. Damage will occur.
	Heavy-duty aluminum foil or shallow pan	 Place piece of foil or shallow pan, slightly larger than the cooking container, on lower rack to catch spillovers. NOTE: Do not use foil or foil liner to cover the oven floor. Poor baking/roasting results could occur.

The oven light

To turn the light on, press the Oven Light Switch on the control panel.

To replace the oven light:

- **1. Unplug** appliance or **disconnect** at main power supply.
- Remove the light bulb from its socket. Replace the bulb with a 40-watt appliance bulb.
- **3. Plug in** appliance or **reconnect** at the main power supply.



If You Need Assistance or Service

This section is designed to help you save the cost of a service call. Part 1 of this section outlines possible problems, their causes, and actions you can take to solve each problem. Parts 2 and 3 tell you what to do if you still need assistance or service. When calling our Consumer Assistance Center for help or calling for service, please provide a detailed description of the problem, your appliance's complete model and serial numbers, and the purchase date. (See page 2.) This information will help us respond properly to your request.

1. Before calling for assistance ...

Performance problems often result from little things you can find and fix without tools of any kind. Please check the chart below for problems you can fix. It could save you the cost of a service call.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Nothing will operate	The unit is not wired into a live circuit with proper voltage.	Wire the unit into a live circuit with proper voltage. (See Installation Instructions.)
	A household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped.	Replace household fuse or reset circuit breaker.
The oven will not operate	You have not turned the Oven Selector to BAKE or BROIL.	Turn the Oven Selector to the desired setting.
	You have not turned the Oven Temperature Control Knob to a temperature setting.	Turn the Oven Temperature Control Knob to a temperature setting.
The surface units will not operate	A household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped.	Replace household fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	You have not plugged in surface units all the way.	Turn control knobs to OFF and plug in surface units all the way. (See "Replacing" on page 19.)
	You are not setting the control knobs correctly.	Push control knobs in before turning to a setting.
Control knob(s) will not turn	You are not pushing in before turning.	Push control knob(s) in before turning to a setting.

continued on next page

IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE OR SERVICE

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Cooking results are not what	The range is not level.	Level range. (See Installation Instructions.)
you expected	The oven temperature seems too low or too high.	Adjust the oven temperature control. (See "Adjusting the oven temperature control" on page 13.)
	You have not preheated the oven as the recipe calls for.	Preheat oven if called for in recipe.
	The recipe you are using may need to be altered to improve the taste or appearance of the food.	Alter recipe as needed.
	The pans are not the type or size recommended in the recipe.	Refer to a reliable cookbook for recommended pan type and size.
	There is not proper air circulation around pan when baking.	Allow $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches (4-5 cm) on all sides of the pans for air circulation.
	The cooking utensils are not the proper shape or do not fit the surface units being used.	Use cooking utensils with smooth, flat bottoms that fit the surface units being used.

2. If you need assistance ...

Call the Whirlpool Consumer Assistance Center telephone number. Dial toll-free from anywhere in the U.S.A.:

1-800-253-1301

and talk with one of our trained consultants. The consultant can instruct you in how to obtain satisfactory operation from your appliance or, if service is necessary, recommend a qualified service company in your area.

If you prefer, write to:

Whirlpool Brand Home Appliances Consumer Assistance Center c/o Correspondence Dept. 2000 North M-63 Benton Harbor, MI 49022-2692

Please include a daytime phone number in your correspondence.

3. If you need service ...



Whirlpool has a nationwide network of authorized Whirlpool service companies.

Whirlpool service technicians are trained to fulfill the product warranty and provide afterwarranty service, anywhere in the United States. To locate the authorized Whirlpool service company in your area, call our Consumer Assistance Center telephone number (see Step 2) or look in your telephone directory Yellow Pages under:

- APPLIANCE-HOUSEHOLD-MAJOR, SERVICE & REPAIR
- See: Whirlpool Appliances or Authorized Whirlpool Service (Example: XYZ Service Co.)
- WASHING MACHINES & DRYERS, SERVICE & REPAIR
- See: Whirlpool Appliances or Authorized Whirlpool Service (Example: XYZ Service Co.)

4. If you need FSP® replacement parts ...

FSP is a registered trademark of Whirlpool Corporation for quality parts. Look for this symbol of quality whenever you need a replacement part for your WHIRLPOOL® appliance. FSP replacement parts will fit right and work right, because they are made to the same exacting specifications used to build every new WHIRLPOOL appliance.

To locate FSP replacement parts in your area, refer to Step 3 above or call the Whirlpool Consumer Assistance Center number in Step 2.

5. If you are not satisfied with how the problem was solved ...

- Contact the Major Appliance Consumer Action Program (MACAP). MACAP is a group of independent consumer experts that voices consumer views at the highest levels of the major appliance industry.
- Contact MACAP only when the dealer, authorized servicer, and Whirlpool have failed to resolve your problem.

Major Appliance Consumer Action Program 20 North Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606

MACAP will in turn inform us of your action.

WHIRLPOOL® Electric Range Warranty

LENGTH OF WARRANTY	WHIRLPOOL WILL PAY FOR	
FULL ONE-YEAR WARRANTY FROM DATE OF PURCHASE	FSP® replacement parts and repair labor to correct defects in materials or workmanship. Service must be provided by an authorized Whirlpool service company.	
LIMITED WARRANTY FOR LIFE OF THE PRODUCT SECOND YEAR THROUGH LIFE OF PRODUCT FROM DATE OF PURCHASE	FSP replacement parts for control knobs.	

WHIRLPOOL WILL NOT PAY FOR

A. Service calls to:

- 1. Correct the installation of your range.
- 2. Instruct you how to use your range.
- 3. Replace house fuses or correct house wiring.
- 4. Replace owner-accessible light bulbs.
- B. Repairs when your range is used in other than normal, single-family household use.
- C. Pickup and delivery. Your range is designed to be repaired in the home.
- **D.** Damage to your range caused by accident, misuse, fire, flood, acts of God, or use of products not approved by Whirlpool.
- E. Any labor costs during limited warranty.
- **F.** Repairs to parts or systems caused by unauthorized modifications made to the appliance.

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WHIRLPOOL CORPORATION SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSE-QUENTIAL DAMAGES. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so this exclusion or limitation may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Outside the United States, a different warranty may apply. For details, please contact your authorized Whirlpool dealer.

If you need service, first see the "If You Need Assistance or Service" section of this book. After checking "If You Need Assistance or Service" additional help can be found by calling our Consumer Assistance Center telephone number, **1-800-253-1301**, from anywhere in the U.S.A.